

# **Drug Coverage Policy**

Effective Date...........09/01/2025 Coverage Policy Number.......IP0662 Policy Title......Omvoh Intravenous Prior Authorization Policy

# Inflammatory Conditions – Omvoh Intravenous Prior Authorization Policy

• Omvoh® (mirikizumab-mrkz intravenous infusion - Eli Lilly)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The following Coverage Policy applies to health benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Certain Cigna Companies and/or lines of business only provide utilization review services to clients and do not make coverage determinations. References to standard benefit plan language and coverage determinations do not apply to those clients. Coverage Policies are intended to provide quidance in interpreting certain standard benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Please note, the terms of a customer's particular benefit plan document [Group Service Agreement, Evidence of Coverage, Certificate of Coverage, Summary Plan Description (SPD) or similar plan document] may differ significantly from the standard benefit plans upon which these Coverage Policies are based. For example, a customer's benefit plan document may contain a specific exclusion related to a topic addressed in a Coverage Policy. In the event of a conflict, a customer's benefit plan document always supersedes the information in the Coverage Policies. In the absence of a controlling federal or state coverage mandate, benefits are ultimately determined by the terms of the applicable benefit plan document. Coverage determinations in each specific instance require consideration of 1) the terms of the applicable benefit plan document in effect on the date of service; 2) any applicable laws/regulations; 3) any relevant collateral source materials including Coverage Policies and; 4) the specific facts of the particular situation. Each coverage request should be reviewed on its own merits. Medical directors are expected to exercise clinical judgment where appropriate and have discretion in making individual coverage determinations. Where coverage for care or services does not depend on specific circumstances, reimbursement will only be provided if a requested service(s) is submitted in accordance with the relevant criteria outlined in the applicable Coverage Policy, including covered diagnosis and/or procedure code(s). Reimbursement is not allowed for services when billed for conditions or diagnoses that are not covered under this Coverage Policy (see "Coding Information" below). When billing, providers must use the most appropriate codes as of the effective date of the submission. Claims submitted for services that are not accompanied by covered code(s) under the applicable Coverage Policy will be denied as not covered. Coverage Policies relate exclusively to the administration of health benefit plans. Coverage Policies are not recommendations for treatment and should never be used as treatment quidelines. In certain markets, delegated vendor quidelines may be used to support medical necessity and other coverage determinations.

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#### **O**VERVIEW

Omvoh intravenous, a monoclonal antibody against the p19 subunit of the interleukin (IL)-23 cytokine, is indicated for the **induction treatment of**:<sup>1</sup>

- **Crohn's disease**, in adults with moderate to severe active disease.
- **Ulcerative colitis**, in adults with moderate to severe active disease.

#### Dosing

#### Crohn's disease

In Crohn's disease, a three-dose induction regimen (900 mg at Weeks 0, 4, and 8) is administered by intravenous (IV) infusion.<sup>1</sup> Following induction therapy with the IV product, the recommended maintenance dose is Omvoh 300 mg administered as a subcutaneous injection at Week 12 (4 weeks following the last induction dose), then once every 4 weeks thereafter.

#### Ulcerative colitis

In ulcerative colitis, a three-dose induction regimen (300 mg at Weeks 0, 4, and 8) is administered by intravenous (IV) infusion.<sup>1</sup> Following induction therapy with the IV product, the recommended maintenance dose is Omvoh 200 mg administered as a subcutaneous injection at Week 12 (4 weeks following the last induction dose), then once every 4 weeks thereafter.

#### **Guidelines**

The following guidelines address indications for which Omvoh IV is indicated.

- **Crohn's Disease:** The American College of Gastroenterology (ACG) [2025] has guidelines for the management of CD in adults.<sup>2</sup> In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitors, Entyvio<sup>®</sup> (vedolizumab), interleukin (IL)-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, and Rinvoq<sup>®</sup> (upadacitinib). If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Guidelines from the American Gastroenterological Association (AGA) [2021] include various biologics among the therapies for moderate to severe CD, for induction and maintenance of remission.<sup>3</sup>
- **Ulcerative colitis:** The AGA (2024) and the ACG (2025) have clinical practice guidelines on the management of moderate to severe UC.<sup>4,5</sup> In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include TNF inhibitors, Entyvio, IL-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, sphingosine-1-phosphate (S1P) receptor modulators, and Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors. If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Of note, guidelines state corticosteroids may be avoided entirely when other effective induction strategies are planned.<sup>5</sup> Both guidelines also recommend that any drug that effectively treats induction should be continued for maintenance.<sup>4,5</sup>

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#### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is required for benefit coverage of Omvoh IV. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indication. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Omvoh as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, initial approval requires Omvoh IV to be prescribed by or

in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. All approvals are provided for three months, which is an adequate duration for the patient to receive three doses.

<u>NOTE:</u> This product also requires the use of preferred products before approval of the requested product. Refer to the respective *Inflammatory Conditions – Omvoh Intravenous Preferred Specialty Management Policy for Individual and Family Plan Prescription Drug Lists (PSM011) for additional preferred product criteria requirements and exceptions.* 

# Omvoh intravenous is considered medically necessary when ONE of the following are met (1 or 2):

#### **FDA-Approved Indication**

- **1. Crohn's Disease**. Approve three doses for induction if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):
  - **A)** Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
  - **B)** The medication will be used as induction therapy; AND
  - **C)** Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii, iii, or iv):
    - **i.** Patient has tried or is currently taking a systemic corticosteroid, or a systemic corticosteroid is contraindicated in this patient; OR
    - ii. Patient has tried one other conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease; OR Note: Examples of conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease include azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate. An exception to the requirement for a trial of or contraindication to steroids or a trial of one other conventional systemic agent can be made if the patient has already tried at least one biologic other than the requested medication. A biosimilar of the requested biologic does not count. Refer to Appendix for examples of biologics used for Crohn's disease. A trial of mesalamine does not count as a systemic agent for Crohn's disease.
    - iii. Patient has enterocutaneous (perianal or abdominal) or rectovaginal fistulas; OR
    - iv. Patient had ileocolonic resection (to reduce the chance of Crohn's disease recurrence); AND
  - **D)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist.

**Dosing:** Approve 900 mg as an intravenous infusion administered at Weeks 0, 4, and 8.

- **2. Ulcerative Colitis.** Approve three doses for induction if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, <u>and</u> C):
  - **A)** Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
  - **B)** The medication will be used as induction therapy; AND
  - **C)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist.

**Dosing:** Approve 300 mg as an intravenous infusion administered at Weeks 0, 4, and 8.

When coverage is available and medically necessary, the dosage, frequency, duration of therapy, and site of care should be reasonable, clinically appropriate, and supported by evidence-based literature and adjusted based upon severity, alternative available treatments, and previous response to therapy.

Receipt of sample product does not satisfy any criteria requirements for coverage.

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#### **Conditions Not Covered**

Omvoh intravenous for any other use is considered not medically necessary, including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):

1. Concurrent Use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug. This medication should not be administered in combination with another biologic or with a targeted synthetic oral small molecule drug used for an inflammatory condition (see Appendix for examples). Combination therapy is generally not recommended due to a potentially higher rate of adverse events and lack of controlled clinical data supporting additive efficacy.

<u>Note</u>: This does NOT exclude the use of conventional synthetic DMARDs (e.g., methotrexate, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine, or sulfasalazine) in combination with this medication.

# **Coding Information**

- 1) This list of codes may not be all-inclusive.
- 2) Deleted codes and codes which are not effective at the time the service is rendered may not be eligible for reimbursement.

Considered Medically Necessary when criteria in the applicable policy statements listed above are met:

HCPCS	Description
Codes	
J2267	Injection, mirikizumab-mrkz, 1 mg

## References

- Omvoh® intravenous infusion, subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Indianapolis, IN: Eli Lilly; April 2024.Lichtenstein G, Loftus E, Afzali A, et al. ACG Clinical Guideline: Management of Crohn's Disease in Adults. Am J Gastroenterol. 2025 June;120(6):1225-1264.
- 2. Feuerstein JD, Ho EY, Shmidt E, et al. AGA clinical practice guidelines on the medical management of moderate to severe luminal and perianal fistulizing Crohn's disease. *Gastroenterology*. 2021;160(7):2496-2508.
- 3. Singh S, Loftus EV Jr, Limketkai BN, et al. AGA Living Clinical Practice Guideline on Pharmacological Management of Moderate-to-Severe Ulcerative Colitis. *Gastroenterology*. 2024 Dec;167(7):1307-1343.
- 4. Rubin D, Ananthakrishnan A, Siegel C. ACG Clinical Guideline Update: Ulcerative Colitis in Adults. *Am J of Gastroenterol.* 2025 June;120(6):1187-1224.

# **Revision Details**

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Date
New	New policy	11/01/2024
Selected Revision	<b>Crohn's disease:</b> This newly approved condition was added to the policy.	03/15/2025

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Selected Revision	Removed: Employer Plans: Standard/Performance, Value/Advantage, Total Savings Prescription Drug Lists, and Legacy Prescription Drug List Plans (PSM019) from the "Note" directing to additional preferred product criteria requirements and exceptions. Omvoh intravenous moved to a preferred product for these prescription drug lists.	04/01/2025
Selected Revision	Ulcerative Colitis: For initial therapy, removed the following options of approval: (1) the patient has tried one systemic therapy; (2) the patient has pouchitis and tried an antibiotic, probiotic, corticosteroid enema, or mesalamine enema.	09/01/2025

The policy effective date is in force until updated or retired.

### **APPENDIX**

	Mechanism of Action	Examples of Indications*
Biologics		
Adalimumab SC Products (Humira®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA, UC
Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA
Etanercept SC Products (Enbrel®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA
Infliximab IV Products (Remicade®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, PsO, PsA, RA, UC
<b>Zymfentra</b> ® (infliximab-dyyb SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	CD, UC
Simponi <sup>®</sup> , Simponi Aria <sup>®</sup> (golimumab SC injection, golimumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of TNF	SC formulation: AS, PsA, RA, UC
		IV formulation: AS, PJIA, PsA, RA
<b>Tocilizumab Products</b> (Actemra® IV, biosimilar; Actemra SC, biosimilar)	Inhibition of IL-6	SC formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA
, , ,		IV formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA
Kevzara® (sarilumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-6	RA
Orencia® (abatacept IV infusion,	T-cell costimulation	SC formulation: JIA, PSA, RA
abatacept SC injection)	modulator	IV formulation: JIA, PsA, RA
Rituximab IV Products (Rituxan®, biosimilars)	CD20-directed cytolytic antibody	RA
Kineret® (anakinra SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-1	JIA^, RA
Omvoh® (mirikizumab IV infusion, SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	CD, UC
<b>Stelara</b> <sup>®</sup> (ustekinumab SC injection, ustekinumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-12/23	SC formulation: CD, PsO, PsA, UC
,		IV formulation: CD, UC
Siliq® (brodalumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17	PsO
<b>Cosentyx</b> <sup>®</sup> (secukinumab SC injection; secukinumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-17A	SC formulation: AS, ERA, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA
,		IV formulation: AS, nr- axSpA, PsA
Taltz® (ixekizumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17A	AS, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA

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<b>Bimzelx</b> ® (bimekizumab-bkzx SC injection)	Inhibition of IL- 17A/17F	PsO, AS, nr-axSpA, PsA
Ilumya® (tildrakizumab-asmn SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	PsO
<b>Skyrizi</b> ® (risankizumab-rzaa SC injection, risankizumab-rzaa IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PSA, PsO, UC  IV formulation: CD, UC
<b>Tremfya</b> ® (guselkumab SC injection, guselkumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: PsA, PsO, UC  IV formulation: UC
Entyvio® (vedolizumab IV infusion, vedolizumab SC injection)	Integrin receptor antagonist	CD, UC

#### **APPENDIX (CONTINUED)**

	Mechanism of Action	Examples of Indications*		
Oral Therapies/Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drugs				
Otezla® (apremilast tablets)	Inhibition of PDE4	PsO, PsA		
Cibinqo™ (abrocitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK	AD		
,	pathways			
Olumiant® (baricitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK	RA, AA		
	pathways			
<b>Litfulo</b> ® (ritlecitinib capsules)	Inhibition of JAK	AA		
	pathways			
Leqselvi® (deuruxolitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK	AA		
	pathways			
Rinvoq® (upadacitinib extended-release	Inhibition of JAK	AD, AS, nr-axSpA, RA, PsA,		
tablets)	pathways	UC		
Rinvoq® LQ (upadacitinib oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK	PsA, PJIA		
	pathways			
Sotyktu® (deucravacitinib tablets)	Inhibition of TYK2	PsO		
Xeljanz® (tofacitinib tablets/oral	Inhibition of JAK	RA, PJIA, PsA, UC		
solution)	pathways			
Xeljanz® XR (tofacitinib extended-	Inhibition of JAK	RA, PsA, UC		
release tablets)	pathways			
Zeposia® (ozanimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1	UC		
	phosphate receptor			
	modulator			
Velsipity® (etrasimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1	UC		
	phosphate receptor			
	modulator			

<sup>\*</sup> Not an all-inclusive list of indications. Refer to the prescribing information for the respective agent for FDA-approved indications; SC – Subcutaneous; TNF – Tumor necrosis factor; AS – Ankylosing spondylitis; CD – Crohn's disease; JIA – Juvenile idiopathic arthritis; PsO – Plaque psoriasis; PsA – Psoriatic arthritis; RA – Rheumatoid arthritis; UC – Ulcerative colitis; nr-axSpA – Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis; IV – Intravenous, PJIA – Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; IL – Interleukin; SJIA – Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; ^ Off-label use of Kineret in JIA supported in guidelines; ERA – Enthesitis-related arthritis; DMARD – Disease-modifying antirheumatic drug; PDE4 – Phosphodiesterase 4; JAK – Janus kinase; AD – Atopic dermatitis; AA – Alopecia areata; TYK2 – Tyrosine kinase 2.

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