

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Inflammatory Conditions – Skyrizi Subcutaneous Prior Authorization

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• Skyrizi[®] (risankizumab-rzaa subcutaneous injection – Abbvie)

REVIEW DATE: 06/25/2025; selected revision 07/23/2025

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The following Coverage Policy applies to health benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Certain Cigna COMPANIES AND/OR LINES OF BUSINESS ONLY PROVIDE UTILIZATION REVIEW SERVICES TO CLIENTS AND DO NOT MAKE COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS. REFERENCES TO STANDARD BENEFIT PLAN LANGUAGE AND COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS DO NOT APPLY TO THOSE CLIENTS. COVERAGE POLICIES ARE INTENDED TO PROVIDE GUIDANCE IN INTERPRETING CERTAIN STANDARD BENEFIT PLANS ADMINISTERED BY CIGNA COMPANIES. PLEASE NOTE, THE TERMS OF A CUSTOMER'S PARTICULAR BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT [GROUP SERVICE AGREEMENT, EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE, CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE, SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION (SPD) OR SIMILAR PLAN DOCUMENT] MAY DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THE STANDARD BENEFIT PLANS UPON WHICH THESE COVERAGE POLICIES ARE BASED. FOR EXAMPLE, A CUSTOMER'S BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT MAY CONTAIN A SPECIFIC EXCLUSION RELATED TO A TOPIC ADDRESSED IN A COVERAGE POLICY. IN THE EVENT OF A CONFLICT, A CUSTOMER'S BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT ALWAYS SUPERSEDES THE INFORMATION IN THE COVERAGE POLICIES. IN THE ABSENCE OF A CONTROLLING FEDERAL OR STATE COVERAGE MANDATE, BENEFITS ARE ULTIMATELY DETERMINED BY THE TERMS OF THE APPLICABLE BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT. COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS IN EACH SPECIFIC INSTANCE REQUIRE CONSIDERATION OF 1) THE TERMS OF THE APPLICABLE BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF SERVICE; 2) ANY APPLICABLE LAWS/REGULATIONS; 3) ANY RELEVANT COLLATERAL SOURCE MATERIALS INCLUDING COVERAGE POLICIES AND; 4) THE SPECIFIC FACTS OF THE PARTICULAR SITUATION. EACH COVERAGE REQUEST SHOULD BE REVIEWED ON ITS OWN MERITS. MEDICAL DIRECTORS ARE EXPECTED TO EXERCISE CLINICAL JUDGMENT WHERE APPROPRIATE AND HAVE DISCRETION IN MAKING INDIVIDUAL COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS. WHERE COVERAGE FOR CARE OR SERVICES DOES NOT DEPEND ON SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES, REIMBURSEMENT WILL ONLY BE PROVIDED IF A REQUESTED SERVICE(S) IS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RELEVANT CRITERIA OUTLINED IN THE APPLICABLE COVERAGE POLICY, INCLUDING COVERED DIAGNOSIS AND/OR PROCEDURE CODE(S). REIMBURSEMENT IS NOT ALLOWED FOR SERVICES WHEN BILLED FOR CONDITIONS OR DIAGNOSES THAT ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THIS COVERAGE POLICY (SEE "CODING INFORMATION" BELOW). WHEN BILLING, PROVIDERS MUST USE THE MOST APPROPRIATE CODES AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE SUBMISSION. CLAIMS SUBMITTED FOR SERVICES THAT ARE NOT ACCOMPANIED BY COVERED CODE(S) UNDER THE APPLICABLE COVERAGE POLICY WILL BE DENIED AS NOT COVERED. COVERAGE POLICIES RELATE EXCLUSIVELY TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS. COVERAGE POLICIES ARE NOT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TREATMENT AND SHOULD NEVER BE USED AS TREATMENT GUIDELINES. IN CERTAIN MARKETS, DELEGATED VENDOR GUIDELINES MAY BE USED TO SUPPORT MEDICAL NECESSITY AND OTHER COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS.

CIGNA NATIONAL FORMULARY COVERAGE:

OVERVIEW

Skyrizi subcutaneous (SC), an interleukin (IL)-23 blocker, is indicated for the following uses:

- **Crohn's disease**, in patients with moderate to severe active disease.
- **Plaque psoriasis**, for treatment of adults with moderate to severe disease who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy.
- **Psoriatic arthritis**, for treatment of adults with active disease.
- **Ulcerative colitis**, in adults with moderate to severe active disease.

Skyrizi is also available in an intravenous (IV) formulation that is indicated only in Crohn's disease (CD) and ulcerative colitis (UC). It is administered as an IV infusion at Weeks 0, 4, and 8 for induction, followed by Skyrizi SC once every 8 weeks thereafter for maintenance. Skyrizi SC is available as a 180 mg or 360 mg single-

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dose prefilled cartridge for use with an on-body injector for use in Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis. For other conditions, Skyrizi is available as a 150 mg single-dose prefilled pen and as a 75 mg or 150 mg prefilled syringe.

Guidelines

Guidelines for the treatment of inflammatory conditions recommend use of Skyrizi SC.

- **Crohn's Disease:** The American College of Gastroenterology (ACG) [2025] has guidelines for the management of CD in adults.⁵ In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitors, Entyvio® (vedolizumab), IL-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, and Rinvoq® (upadacitinib). If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Guidelines from the American Gastroenterological Association (AGA) [2021] include various biologics among the therapies for moderate to severe CD, for induction and maintenance of remission.⁶
- **Plaque Psoriasis:** Joint guidelines from the American Academy of Dermatology and National Psoriasis Medical Board (2019) for management of psoriasis with biologics have been published.² These guidelines list Skyrizi as a monotherapy treatment option for patients with moderate to severe plaque psoriasis. Guidelines from the European Dermatology Forum (2025) recommend biologics (including Skyrizi SC) as second-line therapy for most patients requiring systemic treatment when there is inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to conventional systemic agents (e.g., methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin).³
- **Psoriatic Arthritis:** Guidelines from the American College of Rheumatology (2019) recommend TNF inhibitors over other biologics for use in treatment-naïve patients with psoriatic arthritis and in those who were previously treated with an oral therapy.⁴
- **Ulcerative colitis:** The AGA (2024) and the ACG (2025) have clinical practice guidelines on the management of moderate to severe UC.^{7,8} In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include TNF inhibitors, Entyvio, IL-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, sphingosine-1-phosphate (S1P) receptor modulators, and Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors. If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Of note, guidelines state corticosteroids may be avoided entirely when other effective induction strategies are planned.⁸ Both guidelines also recommend that any drug that effectively treats induction should be continued for maintenance.^{7,8}

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Skyrizi SC. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. In cases where the approval is authorized in months, 1 month is equal to 30 days. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Skyrizi SC as well Page 2 of 9: Cigna National Formulary Coverage - Policy: Inflammatory Conditions - Skyrizi Subcutaneous Prior Authorization Policy

as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, initial approval requires Skyrizi SC to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

• Skyrizi® (risankizumab-rzaa subcutaneous injection – Abbvie) is(are) covered as medically necessary when the following criteria is(are) met for FDA-approved indication(s) or other uses with supportive evidence (if applicable):

FDA-Approved Indications

- **1. Crohn's Disease.** Approve Skyrizi Subcutaneous (<u>on-body injector</u>) for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A or B):
 - A) <u>Initial Therapy</u>. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, and iv):
 - i. Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - **ii.** According to the prescriber, the patient will receive induction dosing with Skyrizi intravenous within 3 months of initiating therapy with Skyrizi subcutaneous; AND
 - **iii.** Patient meets ONE of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a) Patient has tried or is currently taking corticosteroids, or corticosteroids are contraindicated in this patient; OR
 - <u>Note</u>: Examples of corticosteroids are prednisone or methylprednisolone.
 - Patient has tried one other conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease; OR
 - <u>Note</u>: Examples of conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease include azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate. An exception to the requirement for a trial of or contraindication to steroids or a trial of one other conventional systemic agent can be made if the patient has already tried at least one biologic other than the requested medication A biosimilar of the requested biologic <u>does not count</u>. Refer to <u>Appendix</u> for examples of biologics used for Crohn's disease. A trial of mesalamine does <u>not</u> count as a systemic agent for Crohn's disease.
 - c) Patient has enterocutaneous (perianal or abdominal) or rectovaginal fistulas; OR
 - d) Patient had ileocolonic resection (to reduce the chance of Crohn's disease recurrence); AND
 - iv. The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
 OR
 - B) <u>Patient is Currently Receiving Skyrizi Subcutaneous</u>. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (i <u>and</u> ii):
 - i. Patient has been established on therapy for at least 6 months; AND <u>Note</u>: A patient who has received < 6 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).

- ii. Patient meets at least ONE of the following (a or b):
 - a) When assessed by at least one objective measure, patient experienced a beneficial clinical response from baseline (prior to initiating Skyrizi); OR
 - <u>Note</u>: Examples of objective measures include fecal markers (e.g., fecal lactoferrin, fecal calprotectin), serum markers (e.g., C-reactive protein), imaging studies (magnetic resonance enterography, computed tomography enterography), endoscopic assessment, and/or reduced dose of corticosteroids.
 - b) Compared with baseline (prior to initiating Skyrizi), patient experienced an improvement in at least one symptom, such as decreased pain, fatigue, stool frequency, and/or blood in stool.
- **2. Plaque Psoriasis.** Approve Skyrizi Subcutaneous (<u>pens or syringes</u>) for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A or B):
 - A) <u>Initial Therapy</u>. Approve for 3 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, <u>and</u> iii):
 - i. Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - **ii.** Patient meets ONE of the following (a <u>or</u> b):
 - a) Patient has tried at least one traditional systemic agent for psoriasis for at least 3 months, unless intolerant; OR
 Note: Examples of traditional systemic agents for psoriasis include
 - Note: Examples of traditional systemic agents for psoriasis include methotrexate, cyclosporine, or acitretin tablets. A 3-month trial of psoralen plus ultraviolet A light (PUVA) also counts. An exception to the requirement for a trial of one traditional systemic agent for psoriasis can be made if the patient has already had a 3-month trial or previous intolerance to at least one biologic other than the requested drug. A biosimilar of the requested biologic does not count. Refer to Appendix for examples of biologics used for psoriasis. A patient who has already tried a biologic for psoriasis is not required to "step back" and try a traditional systemic agent for psoriasis.
 - b) Patient has a contraindication to methotrexate, as determined by the prescriber; AND
 - **iii.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist; OR B) Patient is Currently Receiving Skyrizi Subcutaneous. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, and iii):
 - Patient has been established on the requested drug for at least 3 months;
 AND
 - <u>Note</u>: A patient who has received < 3 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy with the requested drug is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).
 - ii. Patient experienced a beneficial clinical response, defined as improvement from baseline (prior to initiating the requested drug) in at least one of the following: estimated body surface area, erythema, induration/thickness, and/or scale of areas affected by psoriasis; AND

- **iii.** Compared with baseline (prior to receiving the requested drug), patient experienced an improvement in at least one symptom, such as decreased pain, itching, and/or burning.
- **3. Psoriatic Arthritis.** Approve Skyrizi Subcutaneous (<u>pens or syringes</u>) for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A <u>or</u> B):
 - A) <u>Initial Therapy</u>. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets BOTH of the following (i <u>and</u> ii):
 - i. Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - **ii.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist or a dermatologist;OR
 - B) <u>Patient is Currently Receiving Skyrizi Subcutaneous</u>. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (i <u>and</u> ii):
 - i. Patient has been established on therapy for at least 6 months; AND Note: A patient who has received < 6 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy with Skyrizi is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).
 - **ii.** Patient meets at least ONE of the following (a <u>or</u> b):
 - a) When assessed by at least one objective measure, patient experienced a beneficial clinical response from baseline (prior to initiating Skyrizi); OR
 - Note: Examples of objective measures of disease activity include Disease Activity Index for Psoriatic Arthritis (DAPSA), Composite Psoriatic Disease Activity Index (CPDAI), Psoriatic Arthritis Disease Activity Score (PsA DAS), Grace Index, Leeds Enthesitis Score (LEI), Spondyloarthritis Consortium of Canada (SPARCC) enthesitis score, Leeds Dactylitis Instrument Score, Minimal Disease Activity (MDA), Psoriatic Arthritis Impact of Disease (PsAID-12), and/or serum markers (e.g., C-reactive protein, erythrocyte sedimentation rate).
 - b) Compared with baseline (prior to initiating Skyrizi), patient experienced an improvement in at least one symptom, such as less joint pain, morning stiffness, or fatigue; improved function or activities of daily living; or decreased soft tissue swelling in joints or tendon sheaths.
- **4. Ulcerative Colitis.** Approve Skyrizi Subcutaneous (<u>on-body injector</u>) for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A <u>or</u> B):
 - A) <u>Initial Therapy</u>. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, and iii):
 - i. Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - ii. According to the prescriber, the patient will receive three induction doses with Skyrizi intravenous within 3 months of initiating therapy with Skyrizi subcutaneous; AND
 - **iii.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist; OR
 - B) <u>Patient is Currently Receiving Skyrizi Subcutaneous</u>. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (i <u>and</u> ii):

- Patient has been established on the requested drug for at least 6 months;
 AND
 - <u>Note</u>: A patient who has received < 6 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy with the requested drug is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).
- **ii.** Patient meets at least ONE of the following (a <u>or</u> b):
 - a) When assessed by at least one objective measure, patient experienced a beneficial clinical response from baseline (prior to initiating the requested drug); OR Note: Examples of assessment for inflammatory response include fecal
 - <u>Note</u>: Examples of assessment for inflammatory response include fecal markers (e.g., fecal calprotectin), serum markers (e.g., C-reactive protein), endoscopic assessment, and/or reduced dose of corticosteroids.
 - b) Compared with baseline (prior to initiating the requested drug), patient experienced an improvement in at least one symptom, such as decreased pain, fatigue, stool frequency, and/or decreased rectal bleeding.

CONDITIONS NOT COVERED

- Skyrizi® (risankizumab-rzaa subcutaneous injection Abbvie) is(are) considered not medically necessary for ANY other use(s) including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):
- 1. Concurrent Use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug. This medication should not be administered in combination with another biologic or with a targeted synthetic oral small molecule drug used for an inflammatory condition (see Appendix for examples). Combination therapy is generally not recommended due to a potentially higher rate of adverse events and lack of controlled clinical data supporting additive efficacy.
 - <u>Note</u>: This does NOT exclude the use of conventional synthetic disease-modifying antirheumatic drug (e.g., methotrexate, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine, or sulfasalazine) in combination with this medication.

REFERENCES

- 1. Skyrizi® subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. North Chicago, IL: AbbVie; May 2025.
- 2. Menter A, Strober BE, Kaplan DH, et al. Joint AAD-NPF guidelines of care for the management and treatment of psoriasis with biologics. *J Am Acad Dermatol*. 2019;80(4):1029-1072.
- 3. Nast A, Spuls PI, Dressler C, et al. EuroGuiDerm guideline for the systemic treatment of psoriasis vulgaris. Updated February 2025. Available at: https://www.guidelines.edf.one/guidelines/psoriasis-guideline. Accessed on: 06/13/2025.
- 4. Singh JA, Guyatt G, Ogdie A, et al. 2018 American College of Rheumatology/National Psoriasis Foundation Guideline for the treatment of psoriatic arthritis. *Arthritis Care Res (Hoboken)*. 2019;71(1):2-29.
- 5. Lichtenstein G, Loftus E, Afzali A, et al. ACG Clinical Guideline: Management of Crohn's Disease in Adults. *Am J Gastroenterol.* 2025 June;120(6):1225-1264.

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- 6. Feuerstein JD, Ho EY, Shmidt E, et al. AGA clinical practice guidelines on the medical management of moderate to severe luminal and perianal fistulizing Crohn's disease. *Gastroenterology*. 2021;160(7):2496-2508.
- 7. Singh S, Loftus EV Jr, Limketkai BN, et al. AGA Living Clinical Practice Guideline on Pharmacological Management of Moderate-to-Severe Ulcerative Colitis. *Gastroenterology*. 2024 Dec;167(7):1307-1343.
- 8. Rubin D, Ananthakrishnan A, Siegel C. ACG Clinical Guideline Update: Ulcerative Colitis in Adults. *Am J of Gastroenterol.* 2025 June;120(6):1187-1224.

HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	06/22/2023
Selected Revision	Plaque Psoriasis: For a patient currently taking Skyrizi subcutaneous, the timeframe for established on therapy was changed from 90 days to 3 months.	03/27/2024
Annual Revision	Plaque Psoriasis: In the Note, psoralen plus ultraviolet A light (PUVA) was removed from the examples of traditional systemic therapies. An additional Note was added that a 3-month trial of PUVA counts as a traditional systemic therapy. Ulcerative colitis: The newly approved indication was added to the policy	06/26/2024
Selected Revision	Crohn's Disease: For initial approvals, a requirement that the patient is ≥ 18 years of age was added. Psoriatic Arthritis: For initial approvals, a requirement that the patient is ≥ 18 years of age was added. Conditions Not Covered: Concurrent use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug was changed to as listed (previously oral small molecule drug was listed as Disease-Modifying Antirheumatic Drug).	09/11/2024
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	06/25/2025
Selected Revision	Ulcerative Colitis: For initial therapy, removed the following options of approval: (1) the patient has tried one systemic therapy; (2) the patient has pouchitis and tried an antibiotic, probiotic, corticosteroid enema, or mesalamine enema.	07/23/2025

APPENDIX

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Dialogica	Mechanism of Action	Examples of Indications*			
Biologics	Inhibition of TNF	AC CD IIA Dag Dag DA LIC			
Adalimumab SC Products (Humira®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA, UC			
Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA			
Etanercept SC Products (Enbrel®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA			
Infliximab IV Products (Remicade®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, PsO, PsA, RA, UC			
Zymfentra ® (infliximab-dyyb SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	CD, UC			
Simponi [®] , Simponi Aria [®] (golimumab SC injection, golimumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of TNF	SC formulation: AS, PsA, RA, UC IV formulation: AS, PJIA,			
		PsA, RA			
Tocilizumab Products (Actemra® IV, biosimilar; Actemra SC, biosimilar)	Inhibition of IL-6	SC formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA			
		IV formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA			
Kevzara® (sarilumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-6	RA			
Orencia® (abatacept IV infusion,	T-cell costimulation	SC formulation: JIA, PSA, RA			
abatacept SC injection)	modulator	IV formulation: JIA, PsA, RA			
Rituximab IV Products (Rituxan®, biosimilars)	CD20-directed cytolytic antibody	RA			
Kineret® (anakinra SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-1	JIA^, RA			
Omvoh® (mirikizumab IV infusion, SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	CD, UC			
Ustekinumab Products (Stelara® IV, biosimilar; Stelara SC, biosimilar)	Inhibition of IL-12/23	SC formulation: CD, PsO, PsA, UC			
		IV formulation: CD, UC			
Siliq® (brodalumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17	PsO			
Cosentyx® (secukinumab SC injection; secukinumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-17A	SC formulation: AS, ERA, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA			
		IV formulation: AS, nr- axSpA, PsA			
Taltz® (ixekizumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17A	AS, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA			
Bimzelx ® (bimekizumab-bkzx SC injection)	Inhibition of IL- 17A/17F	PsO, AS, nr-axSpA, PsA			
Ilumya® (tildrakizumab-asmn SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	PsO			
Skyrizi [®] (risankizumab-rzaa SC injection, risankizumab-rzaa IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PSA, PsO, UC			
		IV formulation: CD, UC			
Tremfya [®] (guselkumab SC injection, guselkumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PsA, PsO, UC			
		IV formulation: CD, UC			
Entyvio [®] (vedolizumab IV infusion, vedolizumab SC injection)	Integrin receptor antagonist	CD, UC			
Oral Therapies/Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drugs					
Otezla® (apremilast tablets)	Inhibition of PDE4	PsO, PsA			
Cibinqo [™] (abrocitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD			
Olumiant® (baricitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, AA			

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Litfulo® (ritlecitinib capsules)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AA
Leqselvi ® (deuruxolitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AA
Rinvoq ® (upadacitinib extended-release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD, AS, nr-axSpA, RA, PsA, CD, UC
Rinvoq® LQ (upadacitinib oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	PsA, PJIA
Sotyktu® (deucravacitinib tablets)	Inhibition of TYK2	PsO
Xeljanz® (tofacitinib tablets/oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PJIA, PsA, UC
Xeljanz® XR (tofacitinib extended- release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PsA, UC
Zeposia® (ozanimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate receptor modulator	UC
Velsipity® (etrasimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate receptor modulator	UC

^{*} Not an all-inclusive list of indications. Refer to the prescribing information for the respective agent for FDA-approved indications; SC – Subcutaneous; TNF – Tumor necrosis factor; AS – Ankylosing spondylitis; CD – Crohn's disease; JIA – Juvenile idiopathic arthritis; PsO – Plaque psoriasis; PsA – Psoriatic arthritis; RA – Rheumatoid arthritis; UC – Ulcerative colitis; nr-axSpA – Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis; IV – Intravenous, PJIA – Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; IL – Interleukin; SJIA – Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; ^ Off-label use of Kineret in JIA supported in guidelines; ERA – Enthesitis-related arthritis; DMARD – Disease-modifying antirheumatic drug; PDE4

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